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FAILURE MODES EFFECTS ANALYSIS (FMEA) -- CRITICAL HARDWARE

NUMBER: 03-1-0206-X

SUBSYSTEM NAME: MAIN PROPULSION

REVISION: 1 04/02/90

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PART HAME VENDOR NAME - PART NUMBER VENDOR NUMBER

■ LRU :

VALVE, RELIEF, 850 PSI

MC284-0398-0005

EATON CONSOLIDATED CONTROLS 76130

PART DATA

■ EXTENDED DESCRIPTION OF PART UNDER ANALYSIS: 850 PSI RELIEF. ENGINE HELIUM SUPPLY. 0.75 INCH DIAMETER.

RÉFERENCE DESIGNATORS: RV1 RV8

RV2 RV9

RV3 RV10

■ QUANTITY OF LIKE ITEMS: 6 XIZ TWO PER ENGINE He SUPPLY

FUNCTION:

PROVIDES A MEANS OF RELIEVING AN OVERPRESSURE CONDITION RESULTING FROM AN UPSTREAM REGULATOR FAILING TO REGULATE. ONE RELIEF VALVE IS PROVIDED IN EACH PARALLEL REDUNDANT LEG OF THE ENGINE HELIUM SUPPLY SYSTEN.

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FAILURE MODES EFFECTS ANALYSIS (FMEA) -- CRITICAL FAILURE MODE

NUMBER: 03-1-0206-04

REVISION#

1 04/02/90

SUBSYSTEM: MAIN PROPULSION LRU : VALVE, RELIEF, 850 PSI

CRITICALITY OF THIS FAILURE MODE:1/1

ITEM NAME: VALVE, RELIEF, 850 PSI

FAILURE MODE: RUPTURE/LEAKAGE.

MISSION PHASE:

L[FT-OFF LO. ۵۵ DE-ORBIT

■ VEHICLE/PAYLOAD/KIT EFFECTIVITY: 102 COLUMBIA

: 103 DISCOVERY 104 ATLANTIS

■ CAUSE: MATERIAL DEFECT, FATIGUE.

■ CRITICALITY 1/1 DURING INTACT ABORT ONLY? NO

REDUMDANCY SCREEN A) N/A

B) N/A

C) N/A

PASS/FAIL RATIONALE:

≡ A)

m B)

- FAILURE EFFECTS -

(A) SUBSYSTEM:

DURING ASCENT, HELIUM SUPPLY TO ONE ENGINE WILL BE LOST. POSSIBLE OVERPRESSURIZATION OF THE AFT COMPARTMENT. POSSIBLE UNCONTAINED ENGINE SHUTDOWN IF REDUNDANT LEG CANNOT PROVIDE ENGINE HELIUM REQUIREMENTS. EXCESSIVE HELIUM TANK PRESSURE DECAY (SM ALERT: 20 PSI/3 SECONDS; CAUTION AND WARNING: 1150 PSIA LOWER LIMIT) AND/OR REGULATOR PRESSURE DUT OF LIMITS WILL BE INDICATED BY SM ALERT (BOTH LEGS: 679 LOWER AND 806 UPPER) OR : AUTION AND WARNING (LEG A ONLY: 680 LOWER LIMIT AND 810 UPPER LIMÎT).

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PRIOR TO T-9 MINUTES, EXCESSIVE HELIUM LEAKAGE WILL BE DETECTABLE USING HAZARDOUS GAS DETECTION SYSTEM (HGDS).

OURING ENTRY, VENT DOORS ARE CLOSED TO PREVENT INGESTION OF 905 AND APU GASES. LEFT ENGINE 3 LEG ISOLATION VALVE IS OPENED WHEN VEHICLE TRANSITIONS TO CRBITER SOFTWARE MAJOR MODE 304 (MM304). RUPTURE ON THIS LINE DURING THE TIME PERIOD THAT THE VENT DOORS ARE CLOSED MAY RESULT IN OVERPRESSURIZATION OF THE AFT COMPARTMENT. VENT DOORS ARE OPENED WHEN VEHICLE VELOCITY DROPS BELOW 2400 FT/SEC.

- (B) INTERFACING SUBSYSTEM(\$): SAME AS A.
- (C) MISSION: ON GROUND, POSSIBLE LAUNCH SCRUB DUE TO LCC VIOLATION. POSSIBLE ABORT DUE TO EARLY SHUTDOWN OF ONE ENGINE.
- (D) CREW, VEHICLE, AND ELEMENT(\$): POSSIBLE LOSS OF CREW/VEHICLE.
- (E) FUNCTIONAL CRITICALITY EFFECTS:

- DISPOSITION RATIONALE -

■ (A) DESIGN:
THE RELIEF VALVE IS PILOT OPERATED AND PRESSURE ACTUATED. AS THE
SENSE LINE PRESSURE EXCEEDS 790 PSIG THE INLET PRESSURE FORCE ON THE
POPPET SEAT PISTON BECOMES GREATER THAN THE RESEATING FORCE OF THE
BELLEVILLE SPRINGS. THE UNBALANCED FORCE CAUSES THE POPPET SEAT
PISTON TO MOVE. THE PILOT SPRING CAUSES THE POPPET TO MOVE WITH THE
SEAT PISTON UNTIL THE PILOT POPPET CONTACTS ITS UPPER SEAT. THE
POPPET SEAT PISTON CONTINUES TO MOVE CAUSING SEPARATION BETWEEN THE
POPPET SEAT PISTON AND THE PILOT POPPET.

PRESSURE MAINTAINING THE MAIN POPPET SEATED IS VENTED THROUGH THE UNSEATED PILOT POPPET INTO THE AFT FUSELAGE. A DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE ACROSS THE MAIN POPPET IS CREATED FORCING THE MAIN POPPET TO UNSEAT. THIS RELIEVES INLET PRESSURES FROM 850 PSIG (MAXIMUM) DOWN TO 785 PSIG (MINIMUM RESEAT) INTO THE AFT FUSELAGE THROUGH THE PILOT VENT AT A RATE OF 1.0 LB/SEC (MINIMUM AT 850 PSIG).

AS THE SENSE LINE PRESSURE DECREASES, THE PRESSURE FORCE ON THE POPPET SEAT PISTON BECOMES LESS THAN THE RESEATING FORCE CAUSED BY THE BELLEVILLE SPRINGS. THIS UNBALANCED FORCE CAUSES THE POPPET SEAT PISTON TO MOVE INTO CONTACT WITH THE PILOT POPPET'S LOWER SEAT CAUSING

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FAILURE MODES EFFECTS AMALYSIS (FMEA) -- CRITICAL FAILURE MODE NUMBER: 03-1-0206-04

THE PILOT POPPET TO LEAVE I'S UPPER SEAT. THIS ALLOWS INLET PRESSURE TO AUGMENT THE MAIN POPPET RETURN SPRING FORCE CLOSING THE VALVE. ONCE SEATED. THE POPPET IS HELD CLOSED BY THE DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE ACROSS THE MAIN POPPET AND BY THE MAIN POPPET RETURN SPRING FORCE. THE PILOT VENT CLOSES BY SPRING FORCE TO SEAL AGAINST CRYO PUMPING.

THE RELIEF VALVE ALSO INCORPORATES A FAST SENSING POPPET TO CONTROL THE RATE AT WHICH UPSTREAM PRESSURE IS SENSED. THIS FAST SENSING POPPET IS CONNECTED TO THE MAIN PRESSURIZATION LINE BY A 0.25 INCH (OUTER DIAMETER) TUBE. UNDER STEADY STATE CONDITIONS, INLET PRESSURE IS SENSED THROUGH ORIFICES IN BOTH THE INLET PORT AND THE FAST SENSING POPPET. INSTANTANEOUS PRESSURE RISES THAT EXCEED 775 PSIG UNSEAT THE FAST SENSING POPPET EXPOSING FOUR ADDITIONAL LARGER ORIFICES IN THE POPPET. THIS INCREASES THE RATE OF RELIEF VALVE RESPONSE. WHEN THE PRESSURE DECREASES TO A PREDETERMINED DIFFERENTIAL ACROSS THE FAST SENSING POPPET, SPRING FORCE RESEATS THE POPPET, THUS DAMPENING VALVE RESPONSE.

THE VALVE BODY CONSISTS OF THREE ALUMINUM ALLOY 6061-T651 PARTS: THE HOUSING, THE END CAP, AND THE SEAT RETAINER. THE POTENTIAL LEAK PATHS ARE THE HOUSING/END CAP INTERFACE AND THE HOUSING/SEAT RETAINER INTERFACE. THE HOUSING/END CAP AND THE HOUSING/SEAT RETAINER INTERFACES ARE SEALED USING RAYCO TYPE SEALS. THE SEALS USE CRES 302 SPRINGS WITH TEFLOW (TFE) JACKETS. THE SEAL GLANDS ARE MACHINED INTO THE HOUSING WITH AN 8 MICROINCH SURFACE FINISH. THE END CAP IS THREADED INTO THE HOUSING AND TORQUED TO 630 IN-LB BEFORE BEING LOCK WIRED TO THE HOUSING. THE RETAINER IS ATTACHED TO THE HOUSING USING SIX 19-32 CRES A286 SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREWS WITH A MINIMUM ULTIMATE TEMSILE STRENGTH OF 160 KSI (NAS 1351). THESE CAP SCREWS ARE TORQUED TO 45 IN-LB BEFORE BEING LOCK WIRED TO EACH OTHER. FLAT AND LOCK WASHERS ARE USED WITH THE SCREWS.

RUPTURE OF THE INCONEL 718 BELLOWS (1 PLY) WOULD CAUSE EXTERNAL LEAKAGE. THE BELLOWS ACTS AS A LEAK BARRIER BETWEEN THE POPPET SEAT PISTON AND THE ATMOSPHERE. ALL BELLOWS ARE ACCEPTANCE TESTED BY THE SUPPLIER BEFORE BEING ASSEMBLED INTO THE RELIEF VALVE. BELLOWS ACCEPTANCE TESTS INCLUDE 200 MECHANICAL CYCLES AT -160 THROUGH 275 DEG F WHILE PRESSURIZED TO 850 PSIG EXTERNAL PRESSURE; PROOF PRESSURE TESTS TO 1700 PSIG; AND LEAKAGE TEST AT 1035 PSIG EXTERNAL PRESSURE.

RUPTURE OF THE 6061-T651 ALUMINUM MAIN POPPET WOULD CAUSE EXTERNAL LEAKAGE. THE VALVE HAS BEEN PROOF PRESSURE TESTED DURING ATP TO 1750 PSIG WITHOUT DAMAGE OR DISTORTION. IT HAS ALSO BEEN BURST PRESSURE TESTED TO 3400 PSIG DURING CERTIFICATION WITHOUT RUPTURE.

THE FACTORS OF SAFETY ARE 2.0 PROOF AND 4.0 BURST. STRUCTURAL ANALYSES INDICATE POSITIVE MARGINS OF SAFETY FOR ALL CONDITIONS OF

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VALVE DPERATION. FRACTURE/FATIGUE ANALYSES SHOW THAT ALL CRITICAL PARTS ARE SATISFACTORY FOR FOUR TIMES EXPECTED LIFE.

(B) TEST:ATP

EXAMINATION OF PRODUCT

PROOF PRESSURE (1,750 PSIG)

INTERNAL LEAKAGE (GHe)
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE
INLET PRESSURES: 100, 500, 750, AND 785 PSIG

FUNCTIONAL TESTS

PILOT CRACK AND RESEAT
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE
CRACK 790 PSIG. RESEAT 785 PSIG
LOW TEMPERATURE (BODY: -75 DEG F OR COLDER)
INLET PRESSURES: 100, 500, 750, AND 785 PSIG
CRACK 790 PSIG. RESEAT 785 PSIG

SLAM START TESTS
(ORIFICE INSTALLED IN INLET LINE TO LIMIT FLOW TO 1.0 LB/SEC)
AMBIENT BODY TEMPERATURE (HELIUM AT 220 DEG F)
PRESSURE UPSTREAM OF THE ORIFICE:
4500 PSIG, FOLLOWED BY FULL FLOW, BLOW DOWN, AND RESEAT
2500 PSIG, FOLLOWED BY BLOWDOWN, AND RESEAT
PRESSURE DOWNSTREAM OF THE ORIFICE:
MO GREATER THAN 850 PSIG

ELECTRICAL BONDING

CERTIFICATION

VIBRATION

TRANSIENT VIBRATION:

5 TO 35 HZ, O.25 g, IN EACH OF THREE AXES

RANDOM VISRATION:

50 MINUTES IN EACH OF THREE AXES

DURING THE EAST 5 MINUTES OF TESTING IN EACH AXIS CRACK AND RESEAT

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PRESSURE TESTS ARE PERFORMED.

PERFORM LEAK AND FUNCTIONAL TESTS AFTER EACH AXIS

DESIGN SHOCK
PER MIL-STO-BIO IN EACH OF THREE AXES
PERFORM LEAK AND FUNCTIONAL TESTS AFTER EACH AXIS

SAND AND DUST PER MIL-STD-810

THERMAL CYCLE (3 CYCLES, NO FLOW) +70 DEG F TO -150 DEG F TO +250 DEG F TO +70 DEG F INLET PRESSURE: 750 PSIG PERFORM LEAK AND FUNCTIONAL TESTS

LIFE CYCLE (2000 CYCLES, 850 PSIG TO RESEAT)
CRACK AND RESEAT AND SLAM START TESTS AFTER EACH 400 CYCLES
PERFORM LOW TEMPERATURE LEAK AND FUNCTIONAL TESTS

BURST TEST (3400 PSIG)

GROUND TURNAROUND TEST
V41AZO.030 ORBITER/MPS SSME HELLUM LOW PRESSURE DECAY TEST (EVERY THIRD
FLIGHT)

V41AZO.071 MPS/SSME HELIUM SYSTEM COMPONENT LEAK CHECK (EVERY TENTH FLIGHT)

V41AZO.150 FLIGHT PRESSURIZATION [SOLATION TEST (PERFORM GROUND TURNAROUND TEST [F VALID VERIFICATION IS UND&TAINABLE IN FLIGHT)

V41AZO.190 HELIUM SYSTEM BRAZE/WELD JOINT LEAK CHECK (EVERY TENTH

V418CO.100 HIGH PRESSURE 2-WAY SOLENOID VALVE LEAK TEST (EVERY SIXTH

V41BGO.010 PR1-4.7-9 PNEUMATIC/SSME REGULATOR LOCKUP TEST (EVERY FLIGHT)

V418GO.080 PRI-3.7-9. SSME HELIUM REGULATOR FUNCTIONAL TEST (EVERY FLIGHT)

V41BUO.010 ORBITER MPS COMPONENT INSPECTIONS (EVERY FLIGHT)

(C) INSPECTION: RECEIVING INSPECTION RAW MATERIALS ARE VERIFIED BY INSPECTION FOR MATERIAL AND PROCESS CERTIFICATION. PART PROTECTION COATING AND PLATING REQUIREMENTS ARE VERIFIED BY INSPECTION.

CONTAMINATION CONTROL

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. CLEANLINESS TO LEVEL 100A IS VERIFIED BY INSPECTION.

ASSEMBLY/INSTALLATION
ALL CRITICAL DIMENSIONS ARE VERIFIED BY INSPECTION. TORQUE PER
DRAWING REQUIREMENT IS VERIFIED BY INSPECTION. SURFACE FINISHES AND
SURFACES REQUIRING CORROSION PROTECTION ARE VERIFIED BY INSPECTION.
ALL SEALING SURFACES AND SEALS ARE VISUALLY EXAMINED BEFORE
INSTALLATION USING TOX MAGNIFICATION. DRY FILM LUBRICANT AND
ELECTROCHEMICAL ETCH MARKING IS VERIFIED BY INSPECTION. MANDATORY
INSPECTION POINTS ARE INCLUDED IN THE INSPECTION PROCEDURE.

CRITICAL PROCESSES
WELDING, HEAT TREATMENT, PARTS PASSIVATION, AND ANODIZING ARE
VERIFIED.

HONDESTRUCTIVE EVALUATION
HELIUM LEAK TEST IS VERIFIED BY INSPECTION.

TESTING ATP VERIFIED BY INSPECTION.

HANDLING/PACKAGING
PACKAGING FOR SHIPPING IS VERIFIED BY INSPECTION.

- (D) FAILURE HISTORY:
 THERE HAVE BEEN NO ACCEPTANCE TEST, QUALIFICATION TEST, FIELD OR
 FLIGHT FAILURES ASSOCIATED WITH THIS FAILURE MODE.
- E) OPERATIONAL USE: HELIUM TANK AND/OR REGULATOR PRESSURE ANOMALIES ARE INDICATED BY SM ALERT OR CAUTION AND MARNING. THE CREW ACTION IS TO FOLLOW THE NORMAL LEAK ISOLATION PROCEDURE.

- APPROVALS -

RELIABILITY ENGINEERING: K. ANVARI
DESIGN ENGINEERING : H. P. BAFFORD
QUALITY ENGINEERING : O. J. BUTTNER
NASA RELIABILITY :
NASA SUBSYSTEN MANAGER :

NASA QUALITY ASSURANCE :

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